

Christ Church NW1

Physical Contact Policy

Autumn 2024



Christ Church

CE Primary School

Regents Park

NW1 4BD

Vision and Values



The Christian faith is at the heart of our school community.

At Christ Church we all care, learn and work together for God and others.

'For we are all God's handiwork, created in Christ Jesus to do good works, which God prepared in advance for us to do'. Ephesians 2:10

Our Christian Values are

Creation, Community, Endurance, Thankfulness, Reconciliation, Wisdom

The distinctive nature of our approach to education can be found in our explicit Christian values, our collective worship, our grounded Christian ethos, our carefully crafted curriculum and in our Religious Education.

We aim to provide ambitious learning opportunities, promoting achievement in every area and nurturing social, emotional and spiritual well-being.

We actively promote the children's cultural capital (defined as the acquisition of skills and knowledge, which an individual can draw on to give them an advantage in life). We will introduce them to strong role models who will impart their knowledge and wisdom to help the children engender an appreciation of human creativity and achievement and to become responsible local and global citizens.

Character and resilience are the qualities we promote within our children, developing the inner resources that we call on to help us in life. We instil these qualities in our children to make sure that they are ready to make their way in the world as robust, confident and inquisitive individuals.

We know that confidence, knowledge and skills will help them to become compassionate and well balanced young people. We want them to take their place in society as active citizens, economically independent, exemplifying the British values of equality, mutual respect, democracy, individual liberty and rule of law.

We use our six Christian values, Creation, Wisdom, Thankfulness, Community Endurance and Reconciliation, to reinforce and enrich our teaching wherever applicable.

- **Creation**
For every house is built by someone, but God is the builder of everything. Hebrews 3:4
- **Wisdom**
For the LORD gives wisdom; from his mouth come knowledge and understanding. Proverbs 2:6
- **Thankfulness**
Give thanks to the LORD, for he is good; his love endures forever. 1 Chronicles 16:34
- **Community**
My command is this: Love each other as I have loved you. John 15:12
- **Endurance**
Let us not become weary in doing good, for at the proper time we will reap a harvest if we do not give up. Galatians 6:9
- **Reconciliation**
Bear with each other and forgive one another if any of you has a grievance against someone. Forgive as the Lord forgave you. Colossians 3:13

Our vision is inclusive and seeks to promote the whole child thrive within our Christ Church family.

Each member of our Christ church family; children, parents and staff are valued as God's creation. We believe in full inclusion and acceptance of all and that this allows every individual to flourish.



Date: September 2024

FGB approved: 26/9/24

Review date: September 2026

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Christ Church C of E Primary School

Physical Contact Policy

Because of the nature of the children in our care, their age, maturity and backgrounds, we endeavour to support children in a variety of different ways.
We wish to help children feel wanted and valued at all times in the school.

Many of our children either do not understand, or are still learning to understand the appropriateness of physical contact. Children look to us for approval and are testing out responses all the time.

It is often appropriate for children to be given some physical contact and comfort, but this must always be offered with the following caution:

1. Always ensure there are other adults or responsible children around.
2. Never show favour to individual children.
3. Never touch a child in the area between the waist and mid-thigh or near the chest.**
4. Never touch a child in a way that could be mis-interpreted as being anything other than friendly appropriate adult-child support.
5. Where a child tries to get closer than appropriate, the message should always be along the lines of, "I like you and I enjoy being with you, but I would rather you held my arm/hand like this".
6. Some very active children sometimes calm down and focus on a lesson when having a gentle stroke e.g. on the back of the hand. In this case such a support mechanism must be written into the child's passport.
7. Cuddles should be short and side by side.
8. Never kiss a child.
9. A child should only sit on an adult's knee for a short time and for a specific reason such as following an injury, and not too close to the body. If a child may need to sit on a member of staff's knee for longer term support, this must be written into the child's passport.
10. Tickling is not appropriate.
11. For children within Early Years Foundation Stage, appropriate relationships are still being established, and there is a greater need for a more nurturing environment where it may be more appropriate for closer physical contact during some activities. The above cautions still apply, except that sitting on a knee, or longer cuddles may be more acceptable until the child is established and confident in school.
12. Where children require help with changing or toileting, the dignity of the child must be maintained at all times (See Intimate Care policy). Great care must be taken to ensure that all physical contact is specifically and only for the purpose of the operation being carried out.

**Exceptions would be made in a physical intervention using only Team Teach approaches with trained staff – See Restraint policy.

Appropriate touches include:

- Hand shakes
- Shoulder hugs
- Holding hands during playtimes or outings
- Guiding children using “Caring Hands”
- Team Teach approaches for trained staff only

Children’s Response to Touch

Staff must always be aware that all children interpret and react to touch in different ways. Some children are over-demonstrative and try to demand a great deal of affection and physical contact, whilst others shy away from or have a dislike of physical contact. We must never assume that a child will accept a touch that is meant as a friendly gesture.

There may be children in our care who have backgrounds where there has been inappropriate physical contact, or even emotional, physical or sexual abuse. These children will be confused about adult-child contact and will need very sensitive support and care. Wherever there is physical contact, this must be seriously considered.

Child Protection

Wherever a member of staff feels uncomfortable about the way in which a child is using or abusing physical contact, this must be immediately discussed with a Senior member of staff and recorded on a Cause for Concern form. This may need to be taken further into the Child Protection arena.

Further details are available from the Designated Safeguarding Lead (Paula Walker) and Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead (Amy Stroud).

Staff must be careful not to make a child feel rejected if they have been over-demonstrative physically. Refer to No. 5 above.

Where children make impulsive emotional approaches such as “I love you”, never reject or let down, but always respond positively by such as, “That must mean that you like me a lot, and I like you as well. I am especially pleased with you when you do your best work...”. If this type of approach becomes inappropriate, or regular, seek advice from a senior member of staff.

Emergency Procedures for Physical Intervention

Although the school has a general policy of ‘No Physical Contact’ there may be the occasional time when all other avenues have been explored.

Teachers have a ‘duty of care’ to all pupils. If a pupil is becoming a danger to him/her self or others, there is a process to follow. The first line of approach will be verbal, using a variety of de-escalation techniques, interventions and instructions.

Where these have not worked, there may be the need to intervene physically to stop someone putting themselves or others in danger (See Restraint policy). Examples of these could be:

- A child running towards a busy road

- An angry child about to hurt someone
- A serious fight
- A child damaging school property

Where this might happen the intervention must be using minimal force, and only enough to stop the incident.

Regard must be made to The Education Act 1996 (Circular 10/98).

The child(ren) must be made aware of what is going to happen if the situation does not stop.

In an escalating or dangerous situation, reasonable, calm and considered responses could be:

- Blocking a pupil's path
- Holding, pushing or pulling away from the incident
- Leading by the arm
- Guiding pupil away with hand in centre of the back

Such an incident must be reported fully in writing to the Headteacher at the first opportunity, preferably the same day and never more than 24 hours after the incident.