

Structure

| | EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
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| Design | <p>CL</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Begin to use the language of designing and making, e.g. join, build and shape. <p>CoEL</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Learning about planning and adapting initial idea | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Learning the importance of a clear design criteria • Including individual preferences and requirements in a design | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Generating and communicating ideas using sketching and modelling • Learning about different types of structures, found in the natural world and in everyday objects | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Designing a castle with key features to appeal to a specific person/purpose • Drawing and labelling a castle design using 2D shapes, labelling: - the 3D shapes that will create the features - materials need and colours • Designing and/or decorating a castle tower on CAD software | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Designing a stable pavilion structure that is aesthetically pleasing and selecting materials to create a desired effect • Building frame structures designed to support weight | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Designing a stable structure that is able to support weight • Creating frame structure with focus on triangulation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Designing a playground featuring a variety of different structures, giving careful consideration to how the structures will be used, considering effective and ineffective designs |
| Make | <p>EAD</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •To learn to construct with a purpose in mind. - Selects tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble and join materials. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Making stable structures from card, tape and glue • Following instructions to cut and assemble the supporting structure of a windmill • Making functioning turbines and axles which are assembled into a main supporting structure | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Making a structure according to design criteria • Creating joints and structures from paper/card and tape | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Constructing a range of 3D geometric shapes using nets • Creating special features for individual designs • Making facades from a range of recycled materials | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Creating a range of different shaped frame structures • Making a variety of free standing frame structures of different shapes and sizes • Selecting appropriate materials to build a strong structure and for the cladding • Reinforcing corners to strengthen a structure | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Making a range of different shaped beam bridges • Using triangles to create truss bridges that span a given distance and supports a load • Building a wooden bridge structure Independently measuring and marking wood accurately • Selecting appropriate tools and equipment for particular tasks • Using the correct | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building a range of play apparatus structures drawing upon new and prior knowledge of structures • Measuring, marking and cutting wood to create a range of structures • Using a range of materials to reinforce and add decoration to structures |

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| | | | | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Creating a design in accordance with a plan • Learning to create different textural effects with materials | <p>techniques to saws safely</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying where a structure needs reinforcement and using card corners for support • Explaining why selecting appropriating materials is an important part of the design process • Understanding basic wood functional properties | |
| Evaluation | <p>CL / EAD</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Begin to talk about changes made during the making process, e.g. making a decision to use a different joining method. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluating a windmill according to the design criteria, testing whether the structure is strong and stable and altering it if it isn't • Suggest points for improvements | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exploring the features of structures • Comparing the stability of different shapes • Testing the strength of own structures • Identifying the weakest part of a structure • Evaluating the strength, stiffness and stability of o | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluating own work and the work of others based on the aesthetic of the finished product and in comparison to the original design • Suggesting points for modification of the individual designs | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluating structures made by the class • Describing what characteristics of a design and construction made it the most effective • Considering effective and ineffective designs | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adapting and improving own bridge structure by identifying points of weakness and reinforcing them as necessary • Suggesting points for improvements for own bridges and those designed by others | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improving a design plan based on peer evaluation • Testing and adapting a design to improve it as it is developed • Identifying what makes a successful structure |
| Technical knowledge | <p>PD / EAD</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To learn how to use a range of tools, e.g. | <p>Describing the purpose of structures, including windmills</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying natural and man-made structures | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying features of a castle | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Learning what pavilions are and their purpose | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exploring how to create a strong beam Identifying arch and beam | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Knowing that structures can be strengthened by |

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| | <p>scissors, hole punch, stapler, woodworking tools, rolling pins, pastry cutters.</p> <p>• Learn how everyday objects work by dismantling things.</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Learning how to turn 2D nets into 3D structures • Learning that the shape of materials can be changed to improve the strength and stiffness of structures • Understanding that cylinders are a strong type of structure that are often used for windmills and lighthouses • Understanding that windmill turbines use wind to turn and make the machines inside work • Understanding that axles are used in structures and mechanisms to make parts turn in a circle • Developing awareness of different structures for different purposes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying when a structure is more or less stable than another • Knowing that shapes and structures with wide, flat bases or legs are the most stable • Understanding that the shape of a structure affects its strength • Using the vocabulary: strength, stiffness and stability • Knowing that materials can be manipulated to improve strength and stiffness • Building a strong and stiff structure by folding paper | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying suitable materials to be selected and used for a castle, considering weight, compression, tension • Extending the knowledge of wide and flat based objects are more stable • Understanding the terminology of strut, tie, span, beam • Understanding the difference between frame and shell structure | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building on prior knowledge of net structures and broadening knowledge of frame structures • Learning that architects consider light, shadow and patterns when designing • Implementing frame and shell structure knowledge • Considering effective and ineffective designs | <p>bridges and understanding the terms: compression and tension</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying stronger and weaker structures • Finding different ways to reinforce structures • Understanding how triangles can be used to reinforce bridges • Articulating the difference between beam, arch, truss and suspension bridges | <p>manipulating materials and shapes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying the shell structure in everyday life (cars, aeroplanes, tins, cans) • Understanding man made and natural structures |
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